



Interreg South Baltic Programme 2014-2020

How to take advantage of the Programme?

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Jakub Fedorowicz

Joint Secretariat of the Interreg South Baltic Programme 2014-2020

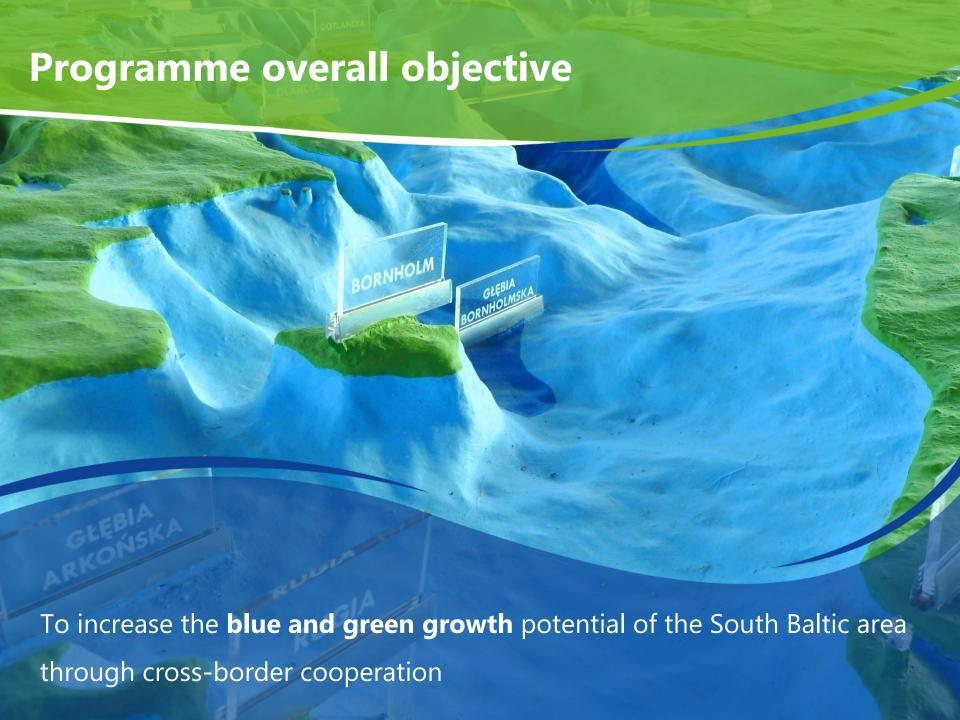




What needs to be considered?

- Strategic goal of the Programme,
- Strategic focus Blue & Green concept,
- Partnership element,
- Cross-border approach,
- Intervention logic,
- Project generation process,
- Programme timeframe









Blue growth

Blue growth addresses the economic potential of the oceans, seas and coasts for sustainable tourism and growth:

- blue energy (OWE; tidal/ wave power)
- maritime, coastal and cruise tourism
- aquaculture
- marine biotechnology
- deep-sea and short-sea shipping
- coastal protection





Green growth

Green growth utilises natural resources in a sustainable manner, minimising the impacts on natural assets:

- renewable energies
- food manufacturing and processing
- green/ eco-tourism
- environmental management
- clean transportation and sustainable mobility
- green construction





Strategic orientation of the Programme

- multilateral cooperation between local and regional actors
- maritime and "soft" cooperation
- emphasis on the joint development and testing of innovative solutions
- increased result-, impact- and change- orientation
- contribution to the EU Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region
- active project development support by the Secretariat and Contact Points





Project types

Regular projects

- Recommended duration: 24 36 months
- Recommended total budget: between EUR 1 000 000 and EUR 2 000 000

Small-scale projects

- Recommended duration: up to 24 months
- Recommended total budget: up to EUR 300 000 (EUR 500 000 for Priority 5)

Possibility to support seed money projects





Who can participate?

Institutions with legal personality under one of the categories:

- national, regional and local authorities
- bodies governed by public law
- other entities established under public or private law operating for the specific purpose of meeting needs in the general interest, not having an industrial or commercial character
- associations of one or several regional or local authorities
- associations of one or several bodies governed by public law
- European Grouping of Territorial Cooperation (EGTC)
- SMEs associations and clusters
- chambers of commerce, trade unions and NGOs.





Partnership

- Lead Partner principle
- Minimum: 2 partners from 2 different countries, but
 - European Grouping of Territorial Cooperation (EGTC) if set by at least 2 public bodies across the border can implement project individually
 - Bilateral projects eligible in other ETC programmes only with a high model value and/or extended partnership consortium
- Complex, multilateral, cross-sectoral partnership is an asset





Partnership (cont.)

- Associated partners
 - important stakeholders / key target groups / end users of the project results
 - cannot claim ERDF co-financing
 - cannot be subcontracted by the project partners to carry out parts of their activities in the project
 - e.g. SMEs, organisations outside Programme area or outside EU





Co-financing rates

- PL, LT, DE up to 85%
- SE, DK up to 75%
- EU Partners coming from other than the Programme Member States
 up to 75%





Geographical location of the project's activities

- in general, activities should be implemented in the Programme eligible area
- if for the Programme benefit some activities may be implemented outside the Programme eligible area and on the territories of other EU Member States
 - 20% eligibility rule activities implemented outside Programme eligible area (monitored at the Programme level)





Cross-border approach

- subject to the quality assessment under the cooperation criterion
- four cooperation criteria (all 4 criteria must be applied by the projects):
 - joint development
 - joint implementation
 - joint staffing
 - joint financing
- projects should demonstrate added value of the cross-border approach





Cross-border approach in projects [3]

Project example 1

Project aim

to induce intermodal passenger traffic **across borders** (public transport+ferry+public transport)

Clear challenge

establishing a cross-border passenger traffic link is impossible if coordinated actions on both sides of the border are not ensured.

Cross-border effect

the project addresses a genuine cross-border challenge that cannot be solved without cross-border actions.





Cross-border approach in projects [4]

- Project aim to invent innovative waste water treatment procedures.
- Project work plan
 - invention of technological device in a municipal facility in one of the countries
 - revision and test of the device by experts of all participating countries
 - adjustment of the device according to recommendations and findings of the experts
 - adjusted and advanced technology is introduced and tested in one pilot facility in each of the participating countries
 - transfer workshops, recommendations introduce project's results
- Cross-border approach the project improves local actions by making the most of exchange and transfer of successful practices across borders





Project intervention logic





Key deliverables (max. 10)



Project objective



Project main outputs (max.4)



Project results



Programme Specific Objective



Programme output indicator



Programme result indicator







Project intervention logic – Programme output indicators

- SO2.1 Increased development of the South Baltic area's natural and cultura heritage assets into sustainable tourist destinations.
 - Size of pilot investments co-financed by the Programme in blue and green tourism infrastructure and services,
 - No. of delivered blue and green tourism services, products and tools,
 - Increase in expected number of visits to supported sites of cultural and natural heritage and attractions





Project intervention logic – Programme output indicators

- SO4 Boosting human resource capacities for the area's blue and green economy.
 - No. of delivered cross-border employment schemes (i.e. services, model solutions, tools and programmes) and joint training supporting employment in the blue and green economy of the South Baltic area,
 - No. of stakeholders involved in the implementation of cross-border employment schemes and joint training,
 - No. of participants in joint local employment initiatives and joint training,
 - No. of participants in joint education and training schemes to support youth employment, educational opportunities and higher and vocational education across borders





Project intervention logic – Programme output indicators

- SO5 Increasing cooperation capacity of local actors in the South Baltic area for blue and green growth
 - No. of local actors involved in cross-border activities,
 - No. of joint capacity-building activities/events involving local actors.





Project generation process

How to prepare a project? (cont.)

- set a start and end date
- shape the **budget** (bottom up approach is recommended)
- set realistic spending targets
- plan adequete dissemination and communication activities
- prepare the application form, using Programme's support services (guidelines, consultations); make yourself familiar with relevant Programme documents and requirements





Project main outputs

- contribute to the Programme output indicators
- direct outcomes of the supported projects
- measure the achievement of project objective
- achieved by key deliverables





Project main outputs by the character:

- product/service main outputs illustrate the direct, material effect of the project activities, measured, directly connected to incurred costs (i.g. developed IT system)
- **target-group** main outputs illustrate direct effects of the implemented activities and launched products, are measured by their usage by end users (i.g. participants in the training scheme, enterprises involved in the network)
- Max. 4 main outputs, at least 1 target-group oriented





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Project generation process

How to prepare a project?







Project generation process

How to prepare a project? (cont.)

- specify your idea, clearly fitting to the Programme thematic scope and objectives
- define results and impact you want to achieve and check if crossborder cooperation can help you to achieve your objectives
- build up an appropriate cross-border partnership, that have a common understanding about the planned activities
- define project activities





Work packages

- demonstrate project structure
- group of activities leading to achieve key deliverables
- max. 6 work packages in the project (2 compulsory: WP1
 'Management and coordination', WP2 'Communication and dissemination', at least one-max. four content-related WPs)
- lump sum for the work package 0 "Preparation" (if applicable) no
 WP0 if the project received seed money from the Programme





Rules on cost eligibility

- EU rules
- Programme rules
- National eligibility rules





Eligible expenditure [1]

- related to the activities planned in the application form
- incurred within the period specified in the Subsidy Contract
- complies with the EU, Programme, national rules





Eligible expenditure [2]

- related and necessary to the project implementation
- follows publicity rules
- appropriately documented, entered in accounting system
- specified in the payment claim





Examples of ineligible expenditure [1]

- fines, financial penalties and expenditure on legal disputes and litigation
- costs of gifts, except those not exceeding EUR 50 per gift if related to promotion, communication, publicity or information
- cost of awards, except those not exceeding EUR 50 per award
- costs related to fluctuation of foreign exchange rate





Examples of ineligible expenditure [2]

- costs/expenditure resulting from statutory obligations of an institution and its current tasks
- costs of commissions incurred in relation to exchange operations
- costs of loans or credits
- success fee





Project budget structure

- 1 staff costs
- 2 office and administration
- 3 travel and accommodation
- 4 external expertise and services
- 5 equipment
- 6 infrastructure and works





Project costs – specific rules

- Shared costs not allowed in the SB Programme 2014-2020*,
- Flat rates (staff & administration),
- Voluntary work,
- Preparation costs.





State aid

- applies to activities of an economic nature
- assessed in all projects:
 - project self assessment
 - Programme assesment (provided by external experts)





Application procedure

- 2 calls for proposals per year
- Application package
 - Application form (excel version)
 - Project partner declarations (for all partners, including lead parnter)
 - Letters of commitment (for all associated partners)
 - Letter of dedication and support from EUSBSR policy area/ horizontal action coordinator (if applicable)





Application procedure

- Formal and eligibility assessment
- Quality assessment
 - Strategic assessment criteria
 - Operational assessment criteria
 - New! State aid assessment





- Strategic assessment criteria
 - Projects' context (relevance and strategy)
 - Cooperation character
 - Contribution to the Programme's objectives
 - Partnership relevance
- Operational assesment criteria
 - Management
 - Communication
 - Work plan
 - Budget





Projects selection

- Decision of the Monitoring Committee after 14 weeks from the call closure (can be prolonged)
- Final approval after meeting conditions and clarifications (if applicable)
- Complaints





How to join the SB project?

- Smart Alliance tool
- Knowledge Bank
- Seed money projects
- Contact Points
- Joint Secretariat





Practical recommendations

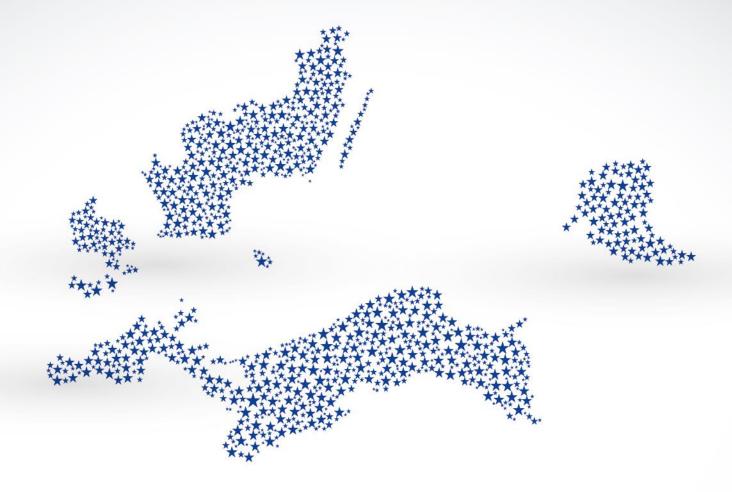
- min. 6 months for project preparation
- joint meetings to get common perspective
- clear understanding of the project intervention logic
- strong cross-border relevance
- solid communication strategy





Programme timeframe

- 1st Call for Proposals 2 November 18 December 2015
 - Project consultations: 3-20 November
 - Assessment: April 2016
 - Decision: April 2016
 - Contracting: August 2016
- 2nd Call for Proposals 9 May 17 June 2016
 - Project consultations: May 2016
 - Assessment : by September 2016
 - Decision: October 2016
 - Contracting: February 2017



Thank you!

Jakub Fedorowicz | Project Officer | jakub.fedorowicz@southbaltic.eu